

**HUNTINGTON'S NSW & ACT INCORPORATED**  
**ABN 54 571 730 306**

**FINANCIAL REPORT**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED**  
**30 JUNE 2019**

**HUNTINGTON'S NSW & ACT INCORPORATED**  
**ABN 54 571 730 306**

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**HUNTINGTON'S NSW & ACT INCORPORATED**  
**ABN 54 571 730 306**

**BOARD'S REPORT**

Your members of the Board submit the financial report of the Huntington's NSW & ACT Incorporated for the financial year ended 30 June 2019.

**Members of the Board**

The names of members of the Board throughout the year and at the date of this report are:

<b>President</b>	Brian Rumbold (Re-elected 18 November 2017)
<b>Secretary</b>	Therese Alting (Re-elected 18 November 2017)
<b>Treasurer</b>	Stephen Guthrie (Re-elected 18 November 2017)
<b>Members of the Board</b>	Katy Clymo (Re-elected 18 November 2017)
	Alison Hill (Elected 18 November 2017)
	Craig Dalli (Appointed 17 June 2019)
	Stephen Garrard (Appointed 17 June 2019)

**Principal Activities**

The principal activities of the association during the financial year were:

To promote care and facilities for people affected by Huntington's disease, and provide assistance and advice to their families. To improve community awareness, medical research and provide a better understanding of the disease.

**Significant Changes**

No significant change in the nature of these activities occurred during the year.

**Operating Result**

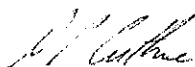
The loss before providing for income tax amounted to (\$101,555)

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Members of the Board.

Board Member:



Board Member:



Dated this 19<sup>th</sup> day of November 2019

**HUNTINGTON'S NSW & ACT INCORPORATED**  
**ABN 54 571 730 306**

**STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

	Note	2019 \$	2018 \$
<b>REVENUE</b>			
Revenue	2	349,431	524,681
Other income		6,032	17,307
<b>EXPENDITURE</b>			
Employee benefits expense		(238,537)	(292,242)
Office expenses		(66,807)	(71,426)
Audit, accounting and consultancy expense		(76,290)	(81,627)
Insurance expense		(4,506)	(4,386)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	3	(5,786)	(4,867)
Equipment hire, furniture & facilities		(5,238)	(11,681)
Travel & accommodation		(8,020)	(18,197)
Fundraising costs		(35,399)	(52,044)
IT expenses		(16,372)	(1,828)
Other expenses		(63)	(518)
<b>(Loss)/profit before income tax</b>		<u>(101,555)</u>	<u>3,172</u>
Income tax expense		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>(Loss)/profit for the year</b>		<u>(101,555)</u>	<u>3,172</u>
<b>Other comprehensive income for the year</b>		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>		<u>(101,555)</u>	<u>3,172</u>
Profit attributable to members of the entity		<u>(101,555)</u>	<u>3,172</u>
Total comprehensive income attributable to members of the entity		<u>(101,555)</u>	<u>3,172</u>

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

**HUNTINGTON'S NSW & ACT INCORPORATED**  
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**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**  
**AS AT 30 JUNE 2019**

	Note	2019 \$	2018 \$
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	471,617	569,139
Trade and other receivables	5	7,116	6,870
Prepayment		353	4,778
Refundable bond & deposits		500	-
<b>TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS</b>		<u>479,586</u>	<u>580,787</u>
<b>NON-CURRENT ASSETS</b>			
Property, plant and equipment	6	927,023	912,317
<b>TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS</b>		<u>927,023</u>	<u>912,317</u>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		<u>1,406,609</u>	<u>1,493,104</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>			
Trade and other payables	7	7,129	15,869
Provisions	8	18,023	18,023
Income in advance		25,000	-
<b>TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		<u>50,152</u>	<u>33,892</u>
<b>NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>			
Provisions	8	6,000	7,200
<b>TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		<u>6,000</u>	<u>7,200</u>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>		<u>56,152</u>	<u>41,092</u>
<b>NET ASSETS</b>		<u>1,350,457</u>	<u>1,452,012</u>
<b>MEMBERS' FUNDS</b>			
Reserves	11	585,622	585,622
Retained earnings		764,835	866,390
<b>TOTAL MEMBERS' FUNDS</b>		<u>1,350,457</u>	<u>1,452,012</u>

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

**HUNTINGTON'S NSW & ACT INCORPORATED**  
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**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

	Retained Surplus \$	Reserves \$	Total Equity \$
<b>Balance at 1 July 2017</b>	<u>863,218</u>	<u>585,622</u>	<u>1,448,840</u>
<b><i>Comprehensive income</i></b>			
Net surplus/(deficit) for the year	3,172	-	3,172
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-
<b><i>Total comprehensive income attributable to members of the entity for the year</i></b>	<u>3,172</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,172</u>
<b>Balance at 30 June 2018</b>	<u>866,390</u>	<u>585,622</u>	<u>1,452,012</u>
<b><i>Comprehensive income</i></b>			
Net (deficit)/surplus for the year	(101,555)		(101,555)
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-
<b><i>Total comprehensive income attributable to members of the entity for the year</i></b>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Balance at 30 June 2019</b>	<u>764,835</u>	<u>585,622</u>	<u>1,350,457</u>

**HUNTINGTON'S NSW & ACT INCORPORATED**  
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**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

	Note	2019 \$	2018 \$
<b>CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Revenue		348,714	521,747
Payments to suppliers and employees		(431,351)	(540,905)
Interest received		<u>5,607</u>	<u>14,232</u>
<b>Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities</b>		<u>(77,030)</u>	<u>(4,926)</u>
<b>CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Payments for property, plant & equipment		<u>(20,492)</u>	<u>(671)</u>
<b>Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities</b>		<u>(20,492)</u>	<u>(671)</u>
Net (decrease)/increase in cash held		(97,522)	(5,597)
<b>Cash at the beginning of the year</b>		<u>569,139</u>	<u>574,736</u>
<b>Cash at the end of the year</b>		<u>: 471,617</u>	<u>569,139</u>

**HUNTINGTON'S NSW & ACT INCORPORATED**  
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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

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**1 Statement of Significant Accounting Policies**

The financial statements were authorised for issue on 19 November 2019 by the members of the Council.

**Basis of Preparation**

Huntington's NSW & ACT Incorporated applies the Australian Accounting Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements as set out in AASB 1053: *Application of Tiers of Australian Accounting Standards* and AASB 2010-2: *Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from Reduced Disclosure Requirements* and other applicable Australian Accounting Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB), the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012* and *Associations Incorporation Act 2009*. The association is a not-for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

Australian Accounting Standards set out accounting policies that the AASB has concluded would result in financial statements containing relevant and reliable information about transactions, events and conditions. Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of this financial report are presented below and have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise.

The financial statements, except for the cash flow information, have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities. The amounts presented in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest dollar.

**Accounting Policies**

**(a) Revenue and Other Income**

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised upon the delivery of the goods to the customer. Revenue from performance of presentations and rendering of other services is recognised upon the delivery of the service to the customers.

Non-reciprocal grant revenue is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income when the association obtains control of the grant and it is probable that the economic benefits gained from the grant will flow to the association and the amount of the grant can be measured reliably.

If conditions are attached to the grant which must be satisfied before it is eligible to receive the contribution, the recognition of the grant as revenue will be deferred until those conditions are satisfied. When grant revenue is received whereby the association incurs an obligation to deliver economic value directly back to the contributor, this is considered a reciprocal transaction and the grant revenue is recognised in the statement of financial position as a liability until the service has been delivered to the contributor, otherwise the grant is recognised as income on receipt.

Donations and bequests are recognised as revenue when received.



**HUNTINGTON'S NSW & ACT INCORPORATED**  
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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

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**(a) Revenue and Other Income (cont.)**

Interest revenue is recognised on a proportional basis taking into account the interest applicable to the financial assets.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

**(b) Income Tax**

The association is exempt from income tax under the Income Tax Assessment Act 1936 as amended.

**(c) Property, Plant and Equipment**

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment is reviewed annually by council members to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from these assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows that will be received from the assets' employment and subsequent disposal. The expected net cash flows have been discounted to their present values in determining recoverable amounts.

***Depreciation***

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets is depreciated on a diminishing value basis over the asset's useful life commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable assets are:

<b><i>Class of Fixed Asset</i></b>	<b><i>Depreciation Rate</i></b>
Office Equipment	30 – 40%
Motor Vehicles	37.5%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each balance sheet date. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains or losses are included in the income statement.

**(d) Leases**

Leases of fixed assets where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not the legal ownership, are transferred to the association are classified as finance leases.

Finance leases are capitalised by recording an asset and a liability at the lower of the amount equal to the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
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**d) Leases (cont.)**

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives where it is likely that the association will obtain ownership of the asset or ownership over the term of the lease.

Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

Lease incentives under operating leases are recognised as a liability and amortised on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease term.

**(e) Financial Instruments**

***Initial recognition and measurement***

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. Financial instruments, except for trade receivables, are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs except where the instrument is classified "at fair value through profit and loss", in which case transaction costs are expensed to profit and loss immediately.

Trade receivables are initially measured at the transaction price if the trade receivables do not contain significant financial components.

***Classification and subsequent re-measurement***

***Financial assets***

Financial assets, other than those designated and effective as hedging instruments are subsequently measured at:

- amortised cost,
- fair value through other comprehensive income; or
- fair value through profit or loss

on the basis of the two primary criteria, being:

- the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset; and
- the business model for managing the financial asset.

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost when it meets the following conditions:

- the financial asset is managed solely to collect contractual cash flows; and,
- the contractual terms within the financial asset give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income when it meets the following conditions:

- the contractual terms within the financial asset give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding on specified dates; and the business model for managing the financial asset comprises both contractual cash flows collection and the selling of the financial asset.

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
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**(e) Financial Instruments (cont.)**

By default, all other financial assets that do not meet the conditions of amortised cost and the fair value through other comprehensive income's measurement condition are subsequently measured at fair value through profit and loss.

The initial designation of the financial instruments to measure at fair value through profit and loss is a one-time option on initial classification and is irrevocable until the financial asset is derecognised.

*Equity instruments*

At initial recognition, equity instruments that are not held for trading, are eligible for an irrevocable election to be measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, while the dividend revenue received from these instruments will still be recognised in profit or loss..

*Financial liabilities*

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at:

- amortised cost, using the effective interest method; or
- fair value through the profit or loss.

A financial liability is measured at fair value through profit and loss if the financial liability is:

- a contingent consideration of an acquirer in a business combination
- held for trading; or
- initially designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

Any gains or losses arising on changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss to the extent that they are not part of a designated hedging relationship.

***Impairment***

The company recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets that are measured at amortised costs or fair value through other comprehensive income. Loss allowance is not recognised for financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss, or equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Expected credit losses are the probability-weighted estimate of credit losses over the expected life of a financial instrument. A credit loss is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due, and all cash flows expected to be received, all discounted at the original effective interest rate of the financial instrument.

*Trade and other receivables*

The company has applied a simplified approach in accounting for trade and other receivables and recognises a loss allowance for the amount equal to lifetime credit losses. In measuring the expected credit loss, various data including historical experience and external indicators was taken into consideration.

***Recognition of expected credit losses in financial statements***

At each reporting date, the entity recognised the movement in the loss allowance as an impairment gain or loss in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

The carrying amount of financial assets measured at amortised cost includes the loss allowance relating to that asset.

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
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Assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income. An amount in relation to change in credit risk is transferred from other comprehensive income to profit or loss at every reporting period.

***Derecognition***

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset and all substantial risks and rewards are transferred are transferred.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when it is extinguished (i.e. when the obligation in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires). The difference between the carrying value of the financial liability which is extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

**(f) Impairment of Assets**

At the end of each reporting period, the entity assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, to the asset's carrying amount. Any excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the asset is at a revalued amount in accordance with another Standard. Any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease in accordance with that other Standard.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the entity estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

**(g) Employee Benefits**

***Short-term employee benefits***

Provision is made for the association's obligation for short-term employee benefits. Short-term employee benefits are benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which employees render the related service, including wages, salaries and sick leave. Short-term employee benefits are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled.

The association's obligation for short-term employee benefits such as wages, salaries and sick leave are recognised as part of current trade and other payables in the statement of financial position.

***Other long-term employee benefits***

The association classifies employees' long service leave and annual leave entitlements as other long-term employee benefits as they are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. Provision is made for the association's obligation for other long-term employee benefits, which are measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees. Upon the remeasurement of obligations for other long-term employee benefits, the net change in the obligation is recognised in profit or loss classified under employee benefits expense.

The association's obligations for long-term employee benefits are presented as non-current liabilities in its statement of financial position, except where the association does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period, in which the obligations are presented as current liabilities.

**(h) Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the association has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

**(i) Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at-call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

**(j) Goods and Services Tax (GST)**

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the statement of financial position are shown inclusive of GST.

**(k) Critical accounting estimates and judgments**

The council evaluates estimates and judgments incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the association.

**Key estimates – Impairment**

The association assesses impairment at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the association that may lead to impairment of assets. When an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. Fair value less costs to sell or current replacement cost calculations performed in assessing recoverable amounts incorporate a number of key estimates.

**(l) Comparative Figures**

Where required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

**(m) New and Amended Accounting Policies Adopted by the Entity**

**Initial application of AASB 9: Financial Instruments**

The entity has adopted AASB 9: Financial Instruments with a date of initial application of 1 January 2018. As a result, the entity has changed its financial instruments accounting policies as detailed in the significant accounting policies Note1(e).

The adoption of AASB 9 has not had a financial impact on the financial statements and has not resulted in adjustment to the current or prior year.

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
<b>2 Revenue and other income</b>		
<b>Revenue</b>		
Donations	148,939	124,560
Fundraising	93,904	214,584
Grants	102,708	154,699
Memberships fees	3,880	3,180
Bequests	0	27,658
	<u>349,431</u>	<u>524,681</u>
<i>Other revenue</i>		
Interest/Other revenue	6,032	17,307
Total Revenue	<u>355,463</u>	<u>541,988</u>
<b>3 Surplus for the year</b>		
<b>(a) Expenses</b>		
Depreciation and amortisation		
- Furniture	873	894.
- Plant and Equipment	3,126	1,306.
- Software	1,787	2,666.
	<u>5,786</u>	<u>4,866</u>
<b>(b) Significant Revenue and Expenses</b>		
The following significant revenue and expense is relevant in explaining the financial performance:		
Income:	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
- Write back provision for impairment of investment		
Expense:	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
- Loss on disposal of investment		

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

	2019 \$	2018 \$
<b>4 Cash &amp; Cash Equivalents</b>		
Association BOSA	4,236	88,975
Association Cheque Account	44,655	13,092
Research Cheque	0	1,625
Research Term Deposit	276,556	322,164
St George (closed)	-	-
St George (Term Deposit)	146,170	143,283
	<u>471,617</u>	<u>569,139</u>
<b>5 Trade and other receivables</b>		
<b>Current</b>		
Trade receivables	-	-
Accrued Interest	1,142	3,075
	<u>-</u>	<u>3,075</u>
Other receivables	5,974	3,795
	<u>7,116</u>	<u>6,870</u>
<b><i>Provision for impairment of receivables</i></b>		
Provision for impairment as at beginning of year	-	-
Charge for year	-	-
Written off	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Provision for impairment as at end of year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>6 Property, Plant and Equipment</b>		
Land and Buildings – At Valuation	900,000	900,000
Plant & Equipment	56,224	35,732
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(35,274)</u>	<u>(32,148)</u>
	<u>20,950</u>	<u>3,584</u>
Furniture – At Cost	12,232	12,232
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(9,786)</u>	<u>(8,913)</u>
	<u>2,446</u>	<u>3,319</u>

**HUNTINGTON'S NSW & ACT INCORPORATED**  
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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
<b>6 Property, Plant and Equipment (cont.)</b>		
Software – At Cost	18,000	18,000
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(14,373)	(12,586)
	3,627	5,414
<b>Total Property, Plant and Equipment</b>	<u>927,023</u>	<u>912,317</u>

**Movements in carrying amounts**

Movement in carrying amounts for each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and end of the current financial year

	Land and Building	Plant and Equipment	Furniture	Software	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>Balance at 1 July 2018</b>	900,000	3,584	3,319	5,414	912,317
Additions at cost	-	20,492	-	-	20,492
Disposals					
Depreciation expense	-	(3,126)	(873)	(1,787)	(5,786)
<b>Carrying amount at the end of year</b>	<u>900,000</u>	<u>20,950</u>	<u>2,446</u>	<u>3,628</u>	<u>927,023</u>



**HUNTINGTON'S NSW & ACT INCORPORATED**  
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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
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	2019	2018
	\$	\$
<b>7 Trade and other payables</b>		
<b>Current</b>		
Trade Creditors	1,565	-
Other current payables	<u>5,564</u>	<u>15,869</u>
	<u>7,129</u>	<u>15,869</u>
Financial liabilities at amortised cost classified as trade and other payables		
Total current	7,129	15,869
Total non-current	-	-
Less: Deferred Income	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Financial liabilities as trade and other payables	<u>7,129</u>	<u>15,869</u>
<b>8 Provisions</b>		
<b>Current</b>		
- annual leave entitlements	<u>18,023</u>	<u>18,023</u>
	<u>18,023</u>	<u>18,023</u>
<b>Non-current</b>		
- long service leave entitlements	<u>6,000</u>	<u>7,200</u>
	<u>6,000</u>	<u>7,200</u>
<b>Analysis of total provision</b>		<b>Employee Provisions</b>
		\$
Opening balance 1 July 2018		25,223
Additional provision raised during the year		-
Amount used		1,200
Balance at 30 June 2019		<u>24,023</u>

**HUNTINGTON'S NSW & ACT INCORPORATED**  
**ABN 54 571 730 306**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

	2019	2018
	\$	\$

**Employee Provision**

Provision for employee benefits represents amounts accrued for annual leave and long service leave.

The current portion for this provision includes the total amount accrued for annual leave entitlements and the amounts accrued for long service leave entitlements that have vested due to employees having completed the required period of service. Based on past experience, the entity does not expect the full amount of annual leave or long service leave balances classified as current liabilities to be settled within the next 12 months. However, these amounts must be classified as current liabilities since the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer the settlement of these amounts in the event employees wish to use their leave entitlement.

The non-current portion for this provision includes amounts accrued for long service leave entitlements that have not yet vested in relation to those employees who have not yet completed the required period of service.

The measurement and recognition criteria for employee benefits have been discussed in Note 1(g).

**9 Related Party Transactions**

**Key management Personnel**

Any person(s) having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) is considered key management personnel

The totals of remuneration paid to key management personnel of the entity during the year are as follow:

Key management personnel compensation	\$ 72,536	\$ 68,940
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**Other related parties**

Other related parties include close family members of key management personnel, and entities that are controlled or jointly controlled by those key management personnel individually or collectively with their close family members.

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

**HUNTINGTON'S NSW & ACT INCORPORATED**  
**ABN 54 571 730 306**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

	2019	2018
	\$	\$

**10 Financial Risk Management**

The entity's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, accounts receivable and payable and long-term investment.

The carrying amounts for each category of financial instruments, measured in accordance with AASB 139 as detailed in the accounting policies to these financial statements are as follows:

Financial Assets	Note		
Cash and cash equivalents	4	471,617	569,139
Trade and other receivables	5	7,116	6,870
<b>Total Financial Assets</b>		<u>478,733</u>	<u>576,009</u>

**Financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

- Trade and other payables	7	7,129	15,869
<b>Total Financial Liabilities</b>		<u>7,129</u>	<u>15,869</u>

**Net Fair Values**

The net fair values of financial assets and liabilities approximate their recognised carrying values. The aggregate carrying amounts of financial assets and liabilities are disclosed in the balance sheet and in the notes to the financial statements. No financial assets and financial liabilities are readily traded on organised markets in standardised form. Financial assets where the carrying amount exceeds net fair values have not been written down as the entity intends to hold these assets to maturity

**11 Reserves**

Asset Revaluation Reserve	585,622	585,622
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The Asset Revaluation Reserve records the revaluations of non-current assets.

**HUNTINGTON'S NSW & ACT INCORPORATED**

**ABN 54 571 730 306**

**STATEMENT BY MEMBERS OF THE BOARD**

The Board has determined that the association is not a reporting entity and that this special purpose financial report should be prepared in accordance with the accounting policies outlined in Note 1 to the financial statements.

In the opinion of the Board the financial report as set out on pages 1 to 17:

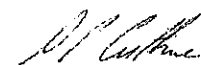
1. Presents a true and fair view of the financial position of Huntington's NSW & ACT Incorporated as at 30 June 2019 and its performance for the year ended on that date in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements of the Australian Accounting Board ), the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012* and *Associations Incorporation Act 2009*; and
2. At the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that Huntington's NSW & ACT Incorporated will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.
3. In accordance with the provisions of the Charitable Fundraising Act 1991 and the regulations under the Act.
  - a) The financial statements give a true and fair view of all income and expenditure of Huntington's NSW & ACT Incorporated
  - b) The Balance Sheet gives a true and fair view of the state of affairs with respect to fundraising appeals; and
  - c) The provisions of the charitable Fundraising Act 1991, the Regulations under the Act and the conditions attached to the authority have been complied with; and
  - d) The internal controls exercised by Huntington's NSW & ACT Incorporated are appropriate and effective in accounting for all income received and applied by Huntington's NSW & ACT Incorporated from any of its fundraising appeals.

This statement is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board and is signed for and on behalf of the Board by:

President:



Brian Rumbold



Stephen Guthrie

Dated this 19<sup>th</sup> day of November 2019



ACCOUNTING SUPERANNUATION TAXATION AUDITING BUSINESS SERVICES

PRINCIPALS ■ Lucas Quinlan CA ■ Glenn McEwen CA

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT  
TO THE MEMBERS OF HUNTINGTON'S NSW & ACT INCORPORATED  
ABN 54 571 730 306**

**Report on the Audit of the Financial Report**

**Opinion**

We have audited the financial report of Huntington's NSW & ACT Incorporated (the entity), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2019, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information and the board members' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of Huntington's NSW & ACT Incorporated has been prepared in accordance with Division 60 of the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012*, including:

- (i). giving a true and fair view of the entity's financial position as at 30 June 2019 and of its performance for the year then ended; and
- (ii). complying with Australian Accounting Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements and the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulation 2013*.

We also report that

- (a) the financial statements show a true and fair view of the financial result of fundraising appeals conducted during the year;
- (b) the accounting and associated records have been properly kept during the year in accordance with the Charitable Fundraising Act 1991 and the Regulations;
- (c) money received as a result of fundraising appeals conducted during the year has been properly accounted for and applied in accordance with the Charitable Fundraising Act 1991 and the regulations; and
- (d) at the date of this report, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the entity will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

**Basis of Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the entity in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110: *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

**Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon**

The board members are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the entity's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2019, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

**Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report**

The board members of the entity are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements and the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.





**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**  
**TO THE MEMBERS OF HUNTINGTON'S NSW & ACT INCORPORATED**  
**ABN 54 571 730 306**

In preparing the financial report, the board members are responsible for assessing the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the entity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the board members.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board members regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Name of Firm: Thomas GLC  
Chartered Accountants

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be 'Glenn McEwen', written over a horizontal line.

Name of Partner: Glenn McEwen

Address: Suite 3 Level 1, 16-20 Edgeworth David Avenue, HORNSBY NSW 2077

Dated this 19<sup>th</sup> day of November 2019